

SITUATION IN CHINA MUCH MORE HOPEFUL.

Legations All Safe as
Late as Date of
July Fifth.

DOWAGER IS PROTECTING THEM

CHING'S COUNTER REVOLUTION
PROMISES SOLUTION OF
THE TROUBLES.

A Great Army Being Mobilized By
the Allied Powers at
Shanghai and
Tien-Tsin.

Washington, July 9.—In consequence of a telegram received by Minister Wu this morning, stating that all the foreign Ministers at Peking except the German Minister were safe on July 5, Secretary of State Hay will attempt to make the powers into making a dash for Peking to rescue the foreigners.

When Mr. Wu called at the department today with this hopeful dispatch, Secretary Hay at once communicated with the President by direct wire, which runs from the State Department in Canton, and suggested that there might yet be time to prompt action by all the powers were taken to save and liberate the Chinese.

It appears likely that if the powers will unite in a march to Peking a start can be made within a few days. Japanese troops will begin landing in China in a couple of days from now, and she already has quite a large force in the country. Russia's forces are also quite extensive, and some additional German and English soldiers may be expected some day in the near future. It appears to the Washington officials, therefore, as if the combined forces of all the countries might get to Peking in time to save some, if not all, the foreigners who are now living.

THE EMPRESS DOWAGER

ALIVE AND VERY ALERT.

London, July 10.—Chinese official sources furnish another surprise today in announcing that the Dowager Empress, who had been reported within two weeks, dead, felled, poisoned and hopelessly mad, has resumed the reins of power. The date given is June 30, the same on which the wholesale massacre of foreigners is alleged to have occurred.

The telegram of Sheng, the administrator of telegraphs and railroads to the Chinese Minister at Washington, Wu Ting Fang, saying the Imperial government is protecting the Legations appears to fit in with the dispatch from Shanghai of this morning, particularly with reference to the alleged directions given by the Dowager Empress relative to the protection of foreigners. At the same time people continue to ask why, if the legations are protected, the Ministers are not permitted to communicate with the outer world. Sheng's expressed fear that the food and ammunition of the legations are exhausted are counteracted by the news that Prince Ching, the commander of the Manchurian field force, is revivifying them, besides which it is now known that in the last resort there are available for food several hundred ponies, usually kept within the walls of the British Legation.

Meanwhile, according to the Japanese Legation here, the Japanese by no means share the general opinion that the advance on Peking must be indefinitely postponed. The officials assert that the Japanese have no intention of halting at Taku or Tien Tsin, but propose to advance on Peking during the present week. Their military authorities express the opinion that 20,000 of their troops, in addition to the international forces, already available, will suffice to force an entry into the Chinese capital.

Emperor William dispatched the German warship Buzzard from Kiel for China this morning, while the German cruisers Geler and Seeadler have been ordered to proceed to China as rapidly as possible from their American and Australian stations, respectively.

It has been learned by the Associated Press that the Chinese Legation here, though apparently unable to communicate directly with Peking is getting news from there indirectly. The officials of the legation declare the present trouble is entirely the work of Prince Tuan and that the government, the Dowager Empress and the Chinese generally are against the Boxers.

The officials also say they have reason to hope that the situation at Peking is improving and that Prince Ching will succeed in protecting the foreigners. They accused the stories of the massacre of the people in the legations and the poisoning of the Emperor and Dowager Empress, express the opinion that Prince Ching and the loyal Viceroy should be best assisted by the promised dispatch of international reinforcements and the promise of help in the formation of a strong government.

Neither official nor press despatches warrant this conclusion, but there are hopeful signs in several quarters of the clouded sky.

The Empress Dowager is evidently playing off Prince Ching against Prince Tuan and throwing out an anchor to windward. This is a fact which impresses the diplomatists here. They read with composure the details of desperate fighting at Tien Tsin and the repulse of the Chinese attacks upon the allied troops. They assert that skirmishes in which casualties to European and Americans are trivial are of no account when there is practical evidence that the Chinese forces are divided and that the legations are allowed to hold their ground.

Belated details of the fighting at Tien Tsin are conflicting and untrustworthy, but there are many signs that the anti-foreign movement is weakening, that the allied forces are preparing to make a successful advance upon the capital, and that the diplomatists in European capitals are not wasting their time, but are doing useful work in a most practical way.

PRINCE CHING IS

GUARDING LEGATIONS.

Brussels, July 9.—A dispatch from Shanghai received here says that, according to a high Chinese official, the two legations which were still holding out on July 2 were the object of incessant attacks. There had been some losses among the troops guarding the legations, but the diplomatists were safe.

The dispatch also says 2000 loyal troops under Prince Ching were heading a counter revolution, had attacked the rebels in Peking.

The Governor of Shan Tung, according to the same authority, is reported to have declined to obey Prince Tuan's orders to seize Nankin.

Further dispatches from Shanghai say the legations were holding out on July 5, that the rebels had been repulsed with a loss of 2000, and that the Boxers were discouraged. They also report that a Chinese journal confirms the announcement of Prince Ching's counter revolution in Peking.

REFUGEES ESCAPING

ON SHIPS OF WAR.

New York, July 10.—A dispatch to the Herald from Chefoo, dated Sunday, says:

Refugees who have arrived from Tien Tsin bring the following information:

The Chinese resumed the bombardment of the foreign quarter last Tuesday and non-combatants were ordered that day to leave. The bombardment is described as the worst yet experienced, but there were no civilian casualties, though many marvelous escapes are reported. A force of British and Russians tried to silence the Chinese guns, but retired without effecting their object.

Two guns from the Terrible silenced the Chinese guns on Thursday, but the artillery duel recommenced on Friday.

Two hundred refugees, mostly women and children, left Thursday and Friday in lighters, towed by launches and reached Taku safely. Small bodies of Russians and Japanese were met at short intervals all the way down. To their presence was due the pacific demeanor of the Chinese. Several burning villages were passed.

They are supposed to have been set on fire by Russians, who occupy a fort midway between Tien Tsin and Taku, where they have a torpedo boat. Seven hundred Russians are occupying the railway and station at Tong Yu. Japanese troops were landing at Taku. The Yorktown took twenty-five American refugees on board. The Germans went aboard a German warship, while the British were transferred to the Haimchi and the Hal Loong. The former has reached Chefoo with fifty refugees on the way to Shanghai. The latter, with 150, is proceeding to Nagasaki.

The British cruiser Alacrity called at Chefoo this morning from Wei Hai Wei to obtain more guns for Tien Tsin which is weak in artillery. The immediate object of the allies is to take the native city and stop the bombardment and sniping.

A SHIMMER OF LIGHT

IN THE DARK EAST

New York, July 10.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: While there is no light there is a sense of departing darkness in China. The Southern Viceroy, who have taken a line of action of their own, understand what is going on both in Peking and in Europe, and are not in sympathy with Prince Tuan and the Boxers.

They have been waiting for a counter movement against the military usurpation, and now that a reaction has set in against massacre and revolution they are asserting their authority and sending to the palace information respecting the armaments of the foreign powers and the combined forces of the civilization which Prince Tuan and the Empress have defied.

If little trustworthy news comes out of Peking it does not follow that a good deal of truth and common sense are not going in through the foreign consulates and provincial centers. For this reason some of the best informed men in and out of Parliament are now convinced that the Legations will be spared, and that a truce will be ordered from the palace and the China question adjusted by diplomatic means.

ENGLAND WILL SEND

FORTY THOUSAND MEN.

New York, July 7.—A cable to the Sun from London says: "It is understood that the War Office is preparing to dispatch nearly 40,000 men to China. These are to be drawn from India, South Africa and England, chiefly the latter. The Government has been purchasing arms and ammunition for some time and recently ordered 2,000,000 pounds of rifle ammunition."

German Squadron Sailed

Kiel, July 9.—The German Pacific Asiatic squadron sailed this morning for China. Emperor William and Prince Henry of Prussia witnessed the departure of the warships.

Legations Safe on July 5

Washington, July 10.—The Secretary of State has received a dispatch from Mr. Goodnow, United States Consul at Shanghai stating that it is given out by the Governor of Shan Tung that the legations were standing on July 5, and that the outlaws were dispersing. Mr. Goodnow adds that this statement does not obtain general credence.

Foreigners in Prince's Palace

Tien Tsin, July 13.—It is reported from Chinese sources that foreigners at Peking have taken possession of one of the Prince's palaces, opposite and commanding the British legation, and that the native Christians have been installed therein.

HAWAIIAN TREASURY RULINGS

IMPORTANT DECISIONS BEARING ON THE ISLANDS' COMMERCE.

Vessels for Hawaiian Ports Must First Come to the Port of Entry.

Honolulu.

Seattle, June 29.—Important treasury decisions were received yesterday at the local customs office under date of June 24, from Washington, with regard to the maritime traffic between this country and our new possessions, the Hawaiian Islands. The decisions are of vast importance to local shipping interests.

Regarding consular certificates it has been decided that they are not necessary for goods shipped from the United States to Hawaii.

Surrendered Hawaiian registers must be forwarded to bureau of navigation with proper endorsement.

Permit to discharge vessels from Hawaii will not be granted until after compliance with existing regulations applicable as to entry.

Articles manufactured in bonded manufacturing warehouses and other goods exported from the United States and entered for warehousing in Hawaii prior to the 14th inst. will be subject upon withdrawal, for consumption on or after that date to the rates of duty imposed by the tariff laws of the United States.

Looking After Pacific Customs.

Washington, July 5.—Assistant Secretary Spaulding of the Treasury Department, now on his way to the Pacific Coast, should reach San Francisco tomorrow. His purpose in making the trip, it is stated at the Treasury Department, is a personal investigation of the Customs Service in its various branches on the Coast. He will undoubtedly visit Portland and Puget sound before his return, but it is not expected that he will go to Alaska. In Seattle he will probably take occasion to look more closely into the matter of bonding privileges through Alaskan territory.

The Treasury Department holds that vessels from foreign ports arriving in Hawaii must be entered at the port of entry. The following telegram has been sent to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco: "The ship Enterprise, mentioned in your report of the 27th ult., cannot legally proceed from New-castle direct to Lahaina, Hawaii. So advise C. D. Bunker & Co., who should cable to the master."

HAWAIIAN DEMOCRATS

ON THEIR WAY HOME.

They Were Royally Treated and Had an Interesting as well as Instructive Time.

San Francisco, July 10.—The Hawaiian delegates to the Democratic National Convention at Kansas City, Prince David, W. H. Cornwell, John D. Holt and John H. Wise, returned from the East yesterday, en route for home. They are at the Palace. Last night the Hawaiian band serenaded them in the rooms of Prince David. The Prince is highly pleased with the treatment accorded his associates and himself at Kansas City, and is enthusiastic over Bryan's nomination and what he saw and heard in the great Democratic Convention.

"It was my first experience at a national political convention," said the Prince last night, "and it is something I will never forget. It was a big gathering of able, earnest men, who knew what they were doing and having plenty of ideas upon which to base their action and work. The loyalty and enthusiasm shown for Mr. Bryan was remarkable. I do not pretend to speak upon the issues as set forth in the platform. Senator Hill impressed me very favorably. Chairman Jones of the National Committee is evidently a man of resources. Messrs. Tarpey,

Maguire and White, from California, were a trio much sought after by the leading delegates from other States in important consultations. Everybody was as kind and courteous as possible to us, and, of course, the California delegates in making us their particular guests did an act which we can never forget. We only hope for an opportunity to repay in some measure their great kindness."

Boers Abandoned Senkal.

Senkal, Orange River Colony, July 9, Monday.—An extended reconnaissance today resulted in the discovery that the Boers had evacuated all their positions around Senkal. Numbers appear to have gone toward Ficksburg and the remainder in the direction of Bethlehem. The British commanders express the opinion that the retirement of the Boers foreshadows a speedy end of the war in this section of the country.

THE OREGON FLOATED

AND ENROUTE TO KURE.

New York, July 9.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Unless international complications should arise, Secretary Long will not order the battleship Oregon to proceed to Taku when her repairs have been completed. Upon arrival at Kure, to which point he is taking the vessel for docking, Captain G. F. F. Wilde, commanding, will order a Board of Survey to determine what repairs are necessary.

It may be that Naval Constructor Gibson, who is undergoing treatment at Yokohama will, it will enough, go to Kure to supervise the repairs. It is understood that the Oregon will be retained in Japanese waters and will be available for service in China should the international situation require her presence. The authorities do not propose, however, again to risk this valuable ship by sending her into the gulf of Pe Chi Li without need for such action.

FILIPINO LEADERS

TAKEN INTO CAMP.

Washington, July 2.—The following cable dated Manila, was received at the War Department this morning: General Aguino, a prominent leader of the insurgent forces, surrendered unconditionally to First Lieutenant John O'Connell with the Macabebes scouts on June 26th, with sixty-four rifles and ammunition.

"General MacArthur also cables the following: General Ricarte, leader of the threatened uprising in Manila during this year, and recently very active, was captured July 1st by native police between Pao and Stana. This event is important in relation to conditions in Manila."

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A few fine lots (about 100x200) on Maunaloa Heights, commanding an unparalleled view over Waikiki and ocean. Price, \$1,750 to \$2,000.

A beautiful corner lot (120x150), high grounds, in best portion of Kalihi. Cash, \$600; balance on easy terms.

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Lots (50x100) in various parts of Kalihi, just past Kamehameha Schools, on easy monthly installments.

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One acre ground, between Liliha street and Insane Asylum road, good residence sites.

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BANK STATEMENT.

ISLAND OF OAHU,

CITY OF HONOLULU,

TERMINAL OF HAWAII.

Cecil Brown, President, and W. G. Cooper, Cashier, being each duly sworn, depose and say that they are respectively the President and Cashier of the First American Bank of Hawaii, Limited, and that the following is a true, just and accurate account and statement of said corporation, as required by and under section 14, of the Banking Act of 1891, to and including the 30th day of June, 1900.

The Capital of the Company is \$1,000,000, divided into 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

Number of shares issued 7,300.

Assessments to the amount of 100 per cent. per share have been made, under which the sum of \$730,000 has been received.

The Liabilities of the Company on the first day of July, 1900, were as follows:

Capital	\$1,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	16,296.40
Deposits	\$618,523.13
Deposits, Special	441,302.46
For Retirement Fund	8,572.85
Savings Bank Deposits	21.60
Asst United States (Government)	925,000.00
	\$945,023.23
Drafts Advised	4,840.11
Due to Banks	35,734.72
	\$1,490,478.06

The Assets of the Company on the first day of July, 1900, were as follows:

Loans and Discount	\$340,330.07
Call Loans & Overdrafts	441,302.46
	\$782,232.53
Accrued Interest	8,572.85
Less Reserve Interest	21.60
	\$8,551.25
Real Estate in Transit	6,419.00
Hawaiian Govt. Bonds	6,419.00
Due to Banks & Brokers	78,335.36
Cash on Hand	674,014.06
	\$992,322.41
	\$1,490,478.06

CECIL BROWN, President.
W. G. COOPER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 14th day of July, 1900.

ALEX. ST. M. MCKINTOSH,
Notary Public First Judicial Circuit.

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1 1/2 inch	20.00	20.00
2 inch	25.00	25.00
2 1/2 inch	30.00	30.00
3 inch	35.00	35.00

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